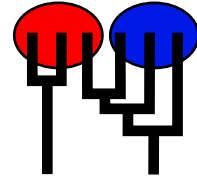


# Example: Microsatellite data set

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION  
 using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference  
 Migrate-n version 3.5.0 [2129]  
 Compiled for a PARALLEL COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE  
 One master and 8 compute nodes are available.  
 Compiled for a SYMMETRIC MULTIPROCESSORS  
 Program started at Sun Mar 3 14:20:33 2013  
 Program finished at Sun Mar 3 16:11:28 2013



## Options

Datatype: Microsatellite data [Brownian motion]  
 Missing data: not included

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:  
 All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0  
 [The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (from parmfile) 1407071073

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from the FST-calculation

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:  
 - 1.0,  
 1.0, -

Connection type matrix:  
 where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,  
 s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,  
 \* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2
1 population_num	*	*
2 population_num	*	*

## Order of parameters:

1	$\Theta_1$	<displayed>
2	$\Theta_2$	<displayed>
3	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	<displayed>
4	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$	<displayed>

Mutation rate among loci:

Mutation rate is constant for all loci

Analysis strategy is

Maximum likelihood

## Markov chain settings:

Short chain

Long chain

Number of chains	10	2
Recorded steps [a]	100	1000
Increment (record every x step [b])	100	100
Visited (sampled) genealogies [a*b]	10000	100000
Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)	10000	

## Multiple Markov chains:

Averaging over replicates

Over independent 2 replicates

Static heating scheme

4 chains with temperatures

1000000.00

3.00

1.50

1.00

Swapping interval is 1

## Print options:

Data file:

infile.msat

Output file:

outfile-ml

Summary of genealogies for further run:

sumfile

Print data:

No

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

None

Plot log(likelihood) surface:

No

Profile likelihood:

Yes, tables and summary

Percentile method

with df=1 and for Theta and M=m/mu

## *Data summary*

Datatype: Microsatellite data  
 [Data was used as repeat-length information]  
 Number of loci: 10

Population	Locus	Gene copies data	(missing)
1 population_number___0	1	50	(0)
	2	50	(0)
	3	50	(0)
	4	50	(0)
	5	50	(0)
	6	50	(0)
	7	50	(0)
	8	50	(0)
	9	50	(0)
	10	50	(0)
2 population_number___1	1	42	(0)
	2	42	(0)
	3	42	(0)
	4	42	(0)
	5	42	(0)
	6	42	(0)
	7	42	(0)
	8	42	(0)
	9	42	(0)
	10	42	(0)
Total of all populations	1	92	(0)
	2	92	(0)
	3	92	(0)
	4	92	(0)
	5	92	(0)
	6	92	(0)
	7	92	(0)
	8	92	(0)
	9	92	(0)
	10	92	(0)

## *Allele frequency spectra*

### Locus 1

Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
16	0.220	0.167	0.196
19	0.040	0.071	0.054
18	0.060	0.119	0.087
15	0.220	0.024	0.130
21	0.020	0.167	0.087
23	0.020	0.119	0.065
17	0.280	0.095	0.196
22	0.060	0.119	0.087
25	0.060	0.024	0.043
24	0.020	-	0.011
26	-	0.024	0.011
27	-	0.048	0.022
29	-	0.024	0.011
Alleles	10	12	13
Samplesize	50	42	92
H <sub>exp</sub>	0.811	0.883	0.874

### Locus 2

Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
16	0.520	0.571	0.543
19	0.040	-	0.022
18	0.220	0.119	0.174
17	0.160	0.167	0.163
15	0.020	-	0.011
21	0.020	0.071	0.043
20	0.020	0.024	0.022
22	-	0.048	0.022
Alleles	7	6	8
Samplesize	50	42	92
H <sub>exp</sub>	0.653	0.624	0.644

### Locus 3

Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
19	0.240	0.262	0.250
20	0.280	0.476	0.370

Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
18	0.080	0.095	0.087
21	0.280	0.119	0.207
22	0.120	0.048	0.087
Alleles	5	5	5
Samplesize	50	42	92
$H_{exp}$	0.765	0.679	0.743
Locus 4			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
16	0.080	0.071	0.076
24	0.180	0.024	0.109
15	0.020	0.048	0.033
25	0.160	0.167	0.163
14	0.020	0.048	0.033
19	0.100	0.143	0.120
12	0.060	-	0.033
20	0.080	0.190	0.130
23	0.060	0.119	0.087
28	0.020	-	0.011
22	0.060	0.024	0.043
21	0.160	0.119	0.141
13	-	0.024	0.011
26	-	0.024	0.011
Alleles	12	12	14
Samplesize	50	42	92
$H_{exp}$	0.882	0.875	0.892
Locus 5			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
20	0.400	0.524	0.457
21	0.420	0.357	0.391
19	0.180	0.119	0.152
Alleles	3	3	3
Samplesize	50	42	92
$H_{exp}$	0.631	0.584	0.615
Locus 6			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
19	0.060	-	0.033
20	0.100	0.024	0.065

Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
18	0.300	0.214	0.261
22	0.200	0.119	0.163
21	0.120	0.476	0.283
16	0.060	-	0.033
24	0.160	0.048	0.109
17	-	0.119	0.054
Alleles	7	6	8
Samplesize	50	42	92
H <sub>exp</sub>	0.813	0.696	0.804
Locus 7			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
23	0.040	0.238	0.130
20	0.660	0.143	0.424
22	0.180	0.190	0.185
21	0.100	0.333	0.207
19	0.020	0.095	0.054
Alleles	5	5	5
Samplesize	50	42	92
H <sub>exp</sub>	0.520	0.766	0.724
Locus 8			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
19	0.520	0.524	0.522
17	0.040	0.048	0.043
18	0.100	0.071	0.087
20	0.140	0.190	0.163
16	0.080	-	0.043
22	0.100	0.048	0.076
15	0.020	0.048	0.033
23	-	0.071	0.033
Alleles	7	7	8
Samplesize	50	42	92
H <sub>exp</sub>	0.682	0.672	0.682
Locus 9			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
24	0.080	0.024	0.054
19	0.300	0.429	0.359
20	0.300	0.167	0.239

Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
23	0.180	0.143	0.163
22	0.080	0.024	0.054
18	0.020	0.071	0.043
21	0.040	0.095	0.065
25	-	0.048	0.022
Alleles	7	8	8
Samplesize	50	42	92
$H_{exp}$	0.773	0.751	0.775
Locus 10			
Allele	Pop1	Pop2	All
22	0.100	0.214	0.152
20	0.440	0.214	0.337
23	0.080	0.167	0.120
24	0.020	-	0.011
19	0.160	0.167	0.163
21	0.060	0.048	0.054
18	0.080	-	0.043
15	0.020	0.071	0.043
17	0.040	0.048	0.043
25	-	0.071	0.033
Alleles	9	8	10
Samplesize	50	42	92
$H_{exp}$	0.752	0.838	0.813
Average expected heterozygosity			
	Pop1	Pop2	All
$H_{exp}$	0.728	0.737	0.757

## *Maximum Likelihood estimates*

Population [x]	Loc.	Ln(L/L0)	$\Theta$	M (m/mu) [+receiving population]	
			[x Ne mu]	1,+	2,+
1:population	1 1	56.406	0.1799	-	25.803
	1 2	19.348	0.1639	-	23.477
	1 A	49.858	0.1799	-	25.803
	2 1	6.051	0.0070	-	2.09e+03
	2 2	2.639	0.0064	-	3.34e+03
	2 A	6.176	0.0114	-	1.67e+03
	3 1	3.069	0.0787	-	266.81
	3 2	3.033	0.0539	-	344.04
	3 A	5.573	0.0618	-	413.01
	4 1	5.522	0.0945	-	251.37
	4 2	7.199	0.1218	-	178.57
	4 A	14.391	0.1218	-	178.51
	5 1	9.033	0.8613	-	2.39e-09
	5 2	2.446	0.8962	-	1.37e-07
	5 A	4.892	0.8962	-	1.37e-07
	6 1	3.568	1.6381	-	1.05e-13
	6 2	4.590	2.1312	-	1.418
	6 A	9.181	2.1312	-	1.418
	7 1	12.381	0.0050	-	1.54e+03
	7 2	2.832	0.0025	-	1.62e+03
	7 A	14.995	0.0023	-	1.62e+03
	8 1	2.046	0.0643	-	313.19
	8 2	4.239	0.0659	-	165.57
	8 A	8.477	0.0659	-	165.56
	9 1	5.808	0.2953	-	24.308
	9 2	4.746	0.4717	-	79.107
	9 A	9.493	0.4717	-	79.107
	10 1	6.935	2.2070	-	0.449
	10 2	6.734	1.7994	-	2.698
	10 A	13.467	1.7995	-	2.699
	All	-983.026	0.5353	-	9.593
2:population	1 1	56.406	1.3011	1.937	-
	1 2	19.348	1.2313	0.534	-
	1 A	49.858	1.3011	1.937	-
	2 1	6.051	1.1832	6.72e-08	-
	2 2	2.639	1.8196	9.49e-14	-
	2 A	6.176	1.5883	9.49e-14	-



3 1	3.069	0.8242	1.51e-13	-
3 2	3.033	1.1963	2.31e-13	-
3 A	5.573	1.2930	2.31e-13	-
4 1	5.522	4.7183	0.075	-
4 2	7.199	5.6594	2.00e-08	-
4 A	14.391	5.6598	2.00e-08	-
5 1	9.033	0.0236	202.78	-
5 2	2.446	0.0175	517.82	-
5 A	4.892	0.0175	517.70	-
6 1	3.568	0.1845	31.897	-
6 2	4.590	0.2236	17.681	-
6 A	9.181	0.2236	17.681	-
7 1	12.381	1.0136	3.861	-
7 2	2.832	1.0318	0.821	-
7 A	14.995	0.9830	4.582	-
8 1	2.046	1.4320	9.36e-14	-
8 2	4.239	1.8992	0.190	-
8 A	8.477	1.8993	0.190	-
9 1	5.808	1.6140	4.237	-
9 2	4.746	1.4938	5.89e-08	-
9 A	9.493	1.4938	5.89e-08	-
10 1	6.935	0.0214	376.56	-
10 2	6.734	0.0257	463.12	-
10 A	13.467	0.0257	463.15	-
All	-983.026	1.0013	1.371	-

## Comments:

The x is 1, 2, or 4 for mtDNA, haploid, or diploid data, respectively  
 There were 10 short chains (100 used trees out of sampled 10000)  
 and 2 long chains (1000 used trees out of sampled 100000)  
 Static heating with 4 chains was active  
 COMBINATION OF 2 MULTIPLE RUNS

## Citation suggestions:

Beerli P., 1998. Estimation of migration rates and population sizes in geographically structured populations.  
 In *Advances in Molecular Ecology*, G. R. Carvalho, ed., vol. 306 of NATO sciences series, Series A: Life sciences,  
 ISO Press, Amsterdam, pp. 39-53.

Beerli P. and J. Felsenstein, 1999. Maximum-likelihood estimation of migration rates and effective population  
 numbers in two populations using a coalescent approach, *Genetics*, 152:763-773.

Beerli P. and J. Felsenstein, 2001. Maximum likelihood estimation of a migration matrix and effective  
 population sizes in n subpopulations by using a coalescent approach, *Proceedings of the National Academy  
 of Sciences of the United States of America*, 98: p. 4563-4568.

Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data,

Genetics, 177:1967-1968.

Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters.  
Bioinformatics 22:341-345

Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use?  
In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli,  
and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

## *Approximate Likelihood Ratio Tests*

Legend for the likelihood ratio tables

Null-Hypothesis: your test model  
is equal to  
full model (the model under which the  
genealogies were sampled)

Migration matrix, migration rates are  
specified as M]

Log(likelihood) of test model  
Log(likelihood) of full model  
Likelihood ratio test value  
Degrees of freedom of test  
[Theta values are on the diagonal of the  
Probability\*  
Probability\*\*  
Akaike's Information Criterion\*\*\*  
Number of parameters used

\*) Probability under the assumption that parameters have range -Inf to Inf

\*\*) Probability under the assumption that parameters have range 0 to Inf

\*\*\*) AIC: the smaller the value the better the model  
[the full model has AIC=1974.052527, num(param)=4]

H0: 0.7683 5.4817 5.4817 0.7683  
= 0.5353 9.5929 1.3705 1.0013  
[ m, m, m, m,]

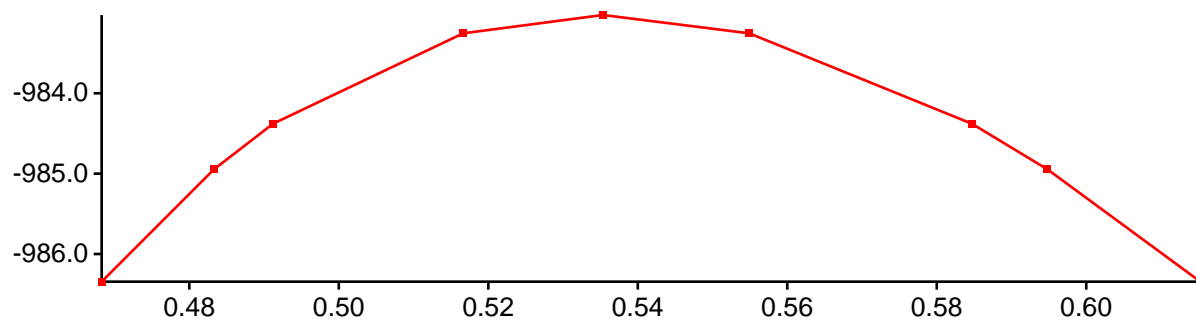
LnL(test) = -1127.209863  
LnL(full) = -983.026263  
LRT = 288.367199  
df = 4  
Prob = 0.000000  
Probc = 0.000000  
AIC = 2258.419726  
num(param) = 2

## Profile likelihood tables and plots

Profile likelihood table and plot for parameter  $\Theta_1$

Parameters are evaluated at percentiles using bisection method (slow, but exact).

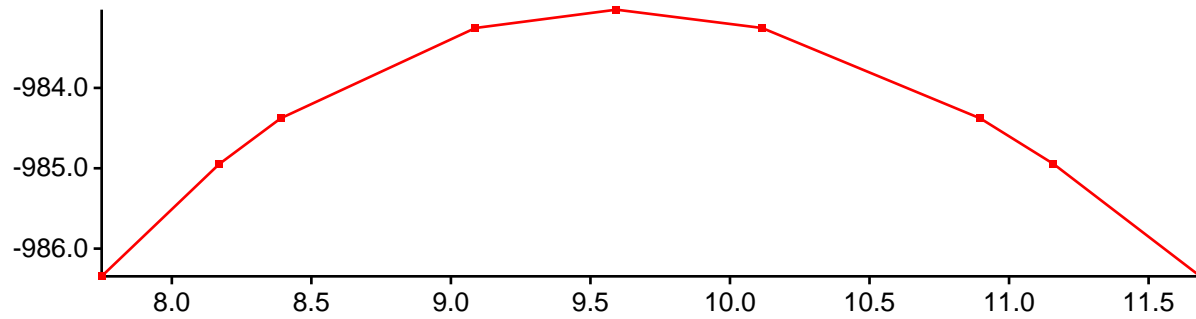
Per.	Ln(L)	$\Theta_1$	$\Theta_1$	$\Theta_2$	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$
0.005	-986.344	0.468274	0.4683	0.9966	9.549	1.396
0.025	-984.947	0.483288	0.4833	0.9977	9.557	1.388
0.050	-984.378	0.491218	0.4912	0.9983	9.562	1.385
0.250	-983.254	0.516639	0.5166	1.0001	9.579	1.376
MLE	-983.026*	0.535339	0.5353	1.0013	9.593	1.371
0.750	-983.254	0.554912	0.5549	1.0025	9.609	1.367
0.950	-984.379	0.584707	0.5847	1.0041	9.634	1.363
0.975	-984.947	0.594813	0.5948	1.0045	9.642	1.362
0.995	-986.344	0.615262	0.6153	1.0054	9.659	1.361



Profile likelihood table and plot for parameter  $M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$

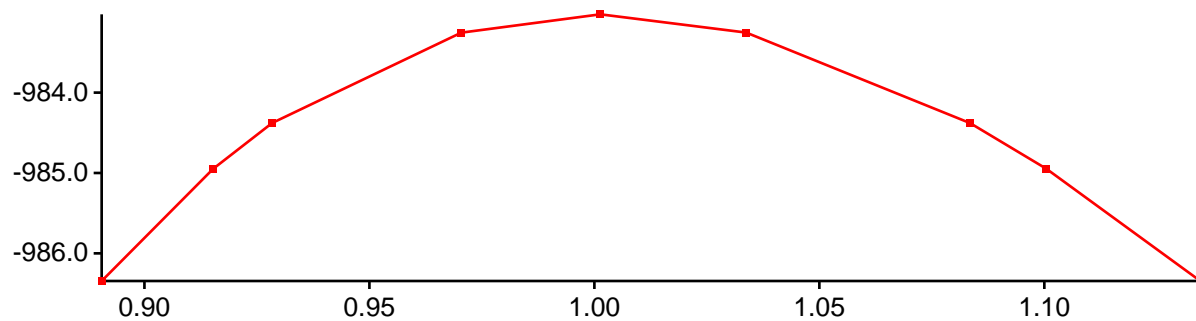
Parameters are evaluated at percentiles using bisection method (slow, but exact).

Per.	Ln(L)	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	$\Theta_1$	$\Theta_2$	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$
0.005	-986.344	7.74857	0.5331	0.9999	7.749	1.409
0.025	-984.947	8.17003	0.5336	0.9997	8.170	1.398
0.050	-984.378	8.39027	0.5339	0.9997	8.390	1.393
0.250	-983.254	9.08789	0.5348	1.0005	9.088	1.379
MLE	-983.026*	9.59291	0.5353	1.0013	9.593	1.371
0.750	-983.254	10.115	0.5359	1.0023	10.115	1.363
0.950	-984.379	10.8969	0.5365	1.0038	10.897	1.354
0.975	-984.946	11.1592	0.5367	1.0042	11.159	1.350
0.995	-986.345	11.6854	0.5370	1.0050	11.685	1.345

Profile likelihood table and plot for parameter  $\Theta_2$ 

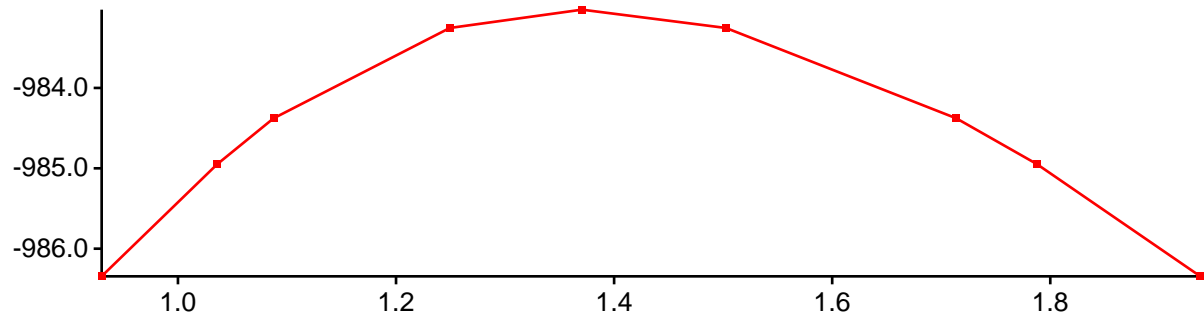
Parameters are evaluated at percentiles using bisection method (slow, but exact).

Per.	Ln(L)	$\Theta_2$	$\Theta_1$	$\Theta_2$	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$
0.005	-986.344	0.890495	0.5322	0.8905	9.528	1.396
0.025	-984.948	0.915281	0.5330	0.9153	9.543	1.389
0.050	-984.378	0.92839	0.5334	0.9284	9.551	1.386
0.250	-983.254	0.970416	0.5346	0.9704	9.576	1.377
MLE	-983.026*	1.00133	0.5353	1.0013	9.593	1.371
0.750	-983.253	1.03374	0.5360	1.0337	9.606	1.364
0.950	-984.379	1.08349	0.5367	1.0835	9.616	1.355
0.975	-984.947	1.10043	0.5368	1.1004	9.616	1.353
0.995	-986.344	1.13467	0.5370	1.1347	9.611	1.348

Profile likelihood table and plot for parameter  $M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$ 

Parameters are evaluated at percentiles using bisection method (slow, but exact).

Per.	Ln(L)	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$	$\Theta_1$	$\Theta_2$	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$
0.005	-986.343	0.930033	0.5377	1.0117	9.390	0.930
0.025	-984.948	1.03607	0.5367	1.0076	9.563	1.036
0.050	-984.378	1.08768	0.5365	1.0061	9.599	1.088
0.250	-983.254	1.24927	0.5359	1.0030	9.616	1.249
MLE	-983.026*	1.37054	0.5353	1.0013	9.593	1.371
0.750	-983.254	1.50263	0.5346	0.9999	9.555	1.503
0.950	-984.378	1.71383	0.5338	0.9987	9.480	1.714
0.975	-984.946	1.78754	0.5338	0.9985	9.452	1.788
0.995	-986.344	1.93762	0.5341	0.9987	9.400	1.938



## *Summary of profile likelihood percentiles of all parameters*

Parameter	Percentiles								
	0.005	0.025	0.05	0.25	MLE	0.75	0.95	0.975	0.995
Theta_1	0.4683	0.4833	0.4912	0.5166	0.5353	0.5549	0.5847	0.5948	0.6153
Theta_2	0.8905	0.9153	0.9284	0.9704	1.0013	1.0337	1.0835	1.1004	1.1347
M_21	7.7486	8.1700	8.3903	9.0879	9.5929	10.1150	10.8969	11.1592	11.6854
M_12	0.9300	1.0361	1.0877	1.2493	1.3705	1.5026	1.7138	1.7875	1.9376